On Wednesday morning THE DISPATCH will

give full returns of the result of the election

for and against the Prohibition Amendment.

PITTSBURG, TUESDAY, JUNE 18.

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0-0

FORTY-FOURTH YEAR.

Influence of the Disastrous

Floods on the Prohibition Campaign.

LITTLE LIFE LEFT IN IT.

The Antis Claim the State By all the Way to 60,000.

Over-Confidence Said to Be the Great Weakness of the Anti-Prohibitionists. Preparations to Take Care of the Vest Pocket Vote-Prohibitionists in Philadelphin Again Crying Fraud-Bishop Fors Gives Rum a Parting Shot-Johnstown's Vote to Be a Light One this Year.

The recent floods throughout the State broke the backbone of the prohibition amendment campaign, and the close in Philadelphia was tame. The anti-prohibition Chairman's final claim is that the State will go from 40,000 to 60,000 against the amendment, while Chairman Palmer sticks to it that the amendment will be adopted by

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.)

PHILADELPHIA, June 17 .- The prohibition campaign closed to-night with a meeting in the Opera House, at which Judge Harry White, of Indiana, was the principal speaker. There is no excitement in Philadelphia over to-morrow's election. The disastrous floods broke the backbone of enthusiasm, and such injuries usually prove fatal. If not entirely fatal in this case, it has been so nearly so that there is little life to brag of.

Chairman McGowan, of the Philadelphia Anti-Prohibition Committee, has not been saying a great deal. To-day, however, he did some talking. He predicts that prohibition will be defeated by from 40,000 to 60,000 majority. Chairman McGowan said: "The heavier the vote the larger will be the majority by which the prohibitory amendment will be defeated. If there are 165,000 wotes polled in this city the anti-Prohibi- Westmoreland tionists will have 70,000 majority. We are confident that

Sufficient Interest Has Been Awakened to accomplish the desired result. Our great | divided. work on election day will be to get out the voters who, though favorable to the defeat of the amendment, are upt to be indifferent about getting to the polls.

"We have made elaborate provisions for the vest pocket voters. To every man whose name is on the Assessor's list we have mailed a complete set of tickets in opposition to the prohibitory amendment, and favorable to the suffrage amendment. About 250,000 voters will be reached in this mapper. They can put their tickets in their pockets at their own home, and go up and cast their ballots as they desire. In addition to this, tickets have been distributed in bags, just as is done at regular elections by the Republican and Democratic City Committees. Blanks for returns have been given out to be filled in and sent to the different ward headquarters The men who are to work at the polls will be

Designated by Red Satin Badges on which the words "High License" will be printed. These badges will be worn by Republicans and Democrats alike, and the wearers will have tickets for distribution. "So the Prohibitionists are claiming 65,000 votes in this city, are they? Well, they won't have 40,000."

The Prohibition City Committee heard today that an attempt would be made to lessen their vote by the issue of tickets headed "Prohibitory Amendment to the Constitution," but on which are printed, "For the Buffrage Amendment," instead of "For the Prohibitory Amendment." Warnings were sent out to the window men to look out for such things.

Lewis C. Cassldy was the principal counsel this morning in opposition to the apappointment of overseers of election. Mr. Cassidy and his colleagues appeared ostensibly for the regular election officers. One of the counsel said the election officers objected to their characters being attacked in this way. Ex-Judge Briggs replied that if the election officers were honest

They Had Nothing to Fear from the appointments. If they were not, there was good reason for the appointment. The Court overruled the objections of Mr.

Cassidy and his colleagues. Senator Green, of Berks, claims 15,000 majority against prohibition in his county. "It was very hard work," he says, "to keep the liquor men in our neighborhood from making a brass-band campaign. They wanted to hire speechmakers, become aggressive, and raised sheel generally. It was not an easy matter to convince them of their folly. Just as soon as the liquor men raise a fuss and get a line drawn, with the saloon on one side and the home on the other, they make trouble for themselves."

Senator Betts, of Clearfield, says the pro hibition campaign has been very largely drowned out in his section, and he is at a loss to tell how the county will go. He is a Democrat and voted for submission on the ground that if the people wanted prohibition as badly as it was represented they did some months ago, it was a shame that they could not have it; while it they did not want it, it was just as well to let them make it known and settle the question. Senator Betts thinks the amendment will be defeated.

Infinence of the Floods. Chairman Palmer said to-day that the diversion of the public attention from the campaign by the floods would cause a smaller vote. He said hesitatingly that he thought each side would lose because of this in nearly equal proportions. He continues to adhere to his claim of a majority in the State of about 30,000 for prohibition He concedes Philadelphia to the opposition by 26,000, and Allegheny by not more than

campaign is over-confidence. The beasts

of big majorities that are made are likely to induce some to remain at home who would vote against prohibition if they thought its adoption a probability.

SIMPSON. PALMER'S ESTIMATES.

He Claims the State by Nearly 20,000 and Gives Figures on Each County-His Main Dependence is on the Western End.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. PHILADELPHIA, June 17 .- The Academy of Music contained a large crowd tonight. The greater number of people were in the galleries. No one was admitted to the lower seats until after 8 o'clock and these were only moderately filled. There through lately. From the different men inwas great enthusiasm. Chairman Palmer said to-night that his chief dependence was on the Western counties. "If the sentiment in the East were anything like that in THEIR OPPONENTS TWICE AS MODEST, the West," he said, "our majority would be an immense one. If prohibition should be defeated I will blame it on high license. Thomas V. Cooper was right when he per-suaded the liquor men to support it, as a

club to defeat prohibition."

Mr. Palmer repeatedly refused to give out his estimate of the result by counties, but to-night relented and gave the following es-

1	KISHING. 7	1470010	OTTOWN DECIMAL
1	County.	For.	Against
1	Adams	*******	4 000
ı	Allegheny	1,000	4,000
1	Armstrong	2,500	********
ı	Beaver	500	*******
4	Hedford	5850	5,000
4	Blair	2,500	19,100
d	Bradford	3,600	*******
1	Bucks	500	
d	Butler	2,500	********
1	Cambria	500	
J	Cameron	100	*******
1	Carbon	******	*******
1	Center	2,500	200
1	Chester	3,500	*******
1	Clarlon	500	******
1	(Searfield	2,500	*******
4	Clinton	1,000	*******
1	Columbia	500	******
1	Crawford	2,500	*******
1	Cumberland	1,200	*******
1	Dauphin	*******	500
1	Delaware	1,000	********
1	Eik	*******	500
1	Erie	*******	1,600
ł	Fayette	1,000	300
1	Forest	500	200
1	Franklin	900	200
1	Greene	1,000	200
1	Huntingdon	1,500	*********
1	Indiana	3,500	
1	Jefferson	1,000	******
3	Juniata	300	******
1	Lackawanna	1,500	
1	Laneaster		1,000
1	Lawrence	2,300	******
1	Lebanon	******	1,000
1	Lehigh	******	2,800
1	Luzerne	500	*******
1	Lycoming	200	**:****
1	McKean	500	******
1	Mercer,	2,500	******
1	Millin	1,000	***
1	Monroe	300	******
1	Montgomerv	300	********
1	Montour	300	# 500
1	Northumberland	300	2,500
1	Perry	300	******
1	Phtladelphia	-0007	20,000
ı	Pike	*******	300
1	Potter	1,200	-
I	Schuyikill	******	2,500
ı	Snyder	******	500
ı	Somerset	1,000	477
1	Suillyan		*******
ı	Susquehanna	2,000	********
1	Tioga	3,500	
1	Union	200	********
1	Venango	2,000	
1	Warren	1,500	
1	Washington	1,200	********
ı	Wayne	800	********
1	Wastmandand	200	

500 61,800 42,000 Prohibition majority, 19,800. Counties to which there are no amounts are evenly

NOT A FATAL FIGHT.

Bishop Foss Gives Rum a Parting Shot No Matter How the Battle Goes, There's Lots of Work Abend.

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. PHILADELPHIA, June 17 .- The clergy to-day gave rum a parting shot. Several speeches were made against it at the Methodist Ministerial Association this morning. Among the speakers was Bishop Cyrus Foss, who said:

"I find more spirit of discouragement in Philadelphia than elsewhere. But what after to-morrow night? Whichever way to-morrow tures, there must be a new girding of ourselves for a good, long, bot, hard fight. If we win, there is the same necessity as if we lose, only the thorn of the fight is somewhat changed. If we lose, the necessity is more urgent. We may have either our Bull Run or our Gettysmay have either our Bull Run or our Gettys-burg to-morrow, but not our Appomatox. Have you any idea that even if we should get 100,000 majority at the polls to-morrow the li-quor interest would be disorganized? They'd simply change front. They'd be there with power and force, which we must rout. Several things ought to happen, whether we are successful to-morrow or not. First, to put before the friends of temperance the necessity of a well-organized, persistent, moral and re-ligious campaign, from which some part of our forces have been diverted in recent years

forces have been diverted in recent We must have a reorganization of the ple of total abstinence. It don't do sin call hard names; we must give hard arguments. Total abstinence is the only measure and basis of a wise temperance reformation. It is a part of a wise temperance reformation. It is a part of the logical antecedent of prohibition, and you must make it out to be the common duty of moral men. We must carry it one step fur-ther than the Christian Church has carried it. We want to say that we demand, in the name we want to say that we demand, in the name of society and good morals, that you give up the evil for the benefit of the race which makes it a moral duty, like the high ground that the world has learned something in the past 30 years. You can't take the question out of the slums of politics except by constitutional prohibitory amendment.

The essential part of our duty after to more

The essential part of our duty after to-morow is to teach more and more the right and uty to hate the liquor traffic and power. The rade is not legitimate. It is a kind of awful defiance of the moral sense of the people a terrible calamity that the law has ever

CHAIRMAN PALMER NOT AFRAID. He Thinks the Amendment All Right Every. where But is Philadelphia.

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.) PHILADELPHIA, June 17. - Chairman Palmer, of the Prohibition Campaign Committe, made this statement to-day over his

own signature: The assertion that the adoption of the pro hibitory amendment will disturb the operations of the acts of assembly punishing the un-licensed sale of liquor, or any other penal statute on the subject is absolutely incorrect. No law will be repealed by it. All will remain in full force as they are until altered, amended or repealed by the Legislature. No man can sell liquors after the amendment is adopted out incurring the penalties of fine and imsoliment, as now provided up law, except sailly those who now have licenses until the wilege expires. That, however, is an open estion. But it is not an open question as to her people. Over and over again the Supreme ourt has decided the principle govering this

A provision of the Constitution which is no

A provision of the Constitution which is not self-executing repeals no antecedent law. This prohibitory amendment is not self-executing. On its face it is provided that the General Assembly shall pass laws to enforce it at the first session. I stake whatever reputation I may have as a lawyer on the opinion.

I am not at all scared about the result of the election to-morrow. I think that there are some surprises in store for some people. I have said from the first, and still maintain it, that the fight is in this town. The amendment is all right outside of this city. However, we have done everything we can think of to secure a fair and honest vote. We have an organized force of detectives to watch certain suspected localities, where fraud is anticipated, and we will have watchers inside a number of polling-places to see all that is going on. It will not be our fault if there is fraud. The estimates published by the papers show that the defeat of the amendment depends upon the vote of this city.

Simpson.

A Place Where Prohibition is Strong. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 BROWNSVILLE, June 17 .- The excitement on the amendment waxes warmer and | trial.

warmer every minute, as the crisis approaches. The boroughs of Bridgeport and Brownsville will give prohibition at least 150 majority. A close poll of the votes of West Brownsville shows only five votes in opposition to the amendment.

JOHNSTOWN'S VOTE.

Will be Small, but it Will be Again Prohibition - Wards Without Houses - Morgues and Tents as Polling

Places. FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.1 JOHNSTOWN, June 17 .- There will be an ection here to-morrow in spite of the troublesome times the people have gone terviewed on the subject of prohibition to-

day, I judge that the amendment will cer-tainly be defeated here.

"We have had so much water here lately that we shall consider it a great blessing if we can get beer instead," said one of the men smilingly. But whichever way it goes there will not be a sufficiently large vote polled to have much effect on either side. There are only a few thousand voters left in Johnstown, Conemaugh, Cambria City, Kernville and other little districts around here, and it is not likely that more than half of them will feel inclined to vote at all-

Some Politicians Still Active. Still there are a few, and these are the men who have only lost little or nothing in the late calamity, who are red hot on the question at issue and they mean to vote on any consideration. They have even gone so far as to erect special tents where the old polling places have been destroyed.

In the First ward, for instance, there are

only six houses left, and the men are going to erect a tent on the corner of Main and Market streets for election purposes. Mr. R. M. Linton will be one of the inspectors in the ward. In the Second ward, where they only have four houses left, a tent will also be put up to-day and R. M. Ramsay will be judge of election. The Third ward will not have any election, probably, be-

There Are No Houses Left and the few voters do not seem to feel inclined to vote. In the Fourth ward the people will go to the school house, the building which has for the last two weeks been used as a morgue. In the Fifth ward the polling place is gone, and in the Sixth ward the voters will meet at the pottery. The school house in the Seventh ward still stands and voting will take place there. In Conemaugh, Woodvale and East Conemaugh there are no polling places left, and several of the elections officers are dead, but there will be an election held, neverthe-

less. In Cambria City the people are in better shape than anywhere around here, and most of them will go to the polls.

Adjutant General Hastings states that ex-Attorney General Palmer has written and asked him to have all polling dis-tricts furnished with tents, to be used as voting places. Heineichs.

A KICK IN WESTMORELAND.

Only One Kind of Tickets Distributed by the Commissioners.

GREENSBURG, June 17 .- Great excitement prevails here to-night among the anti-Prohibitionists in consequence of the grave error alleged to have been made by the County Commissioners in the dristribution of tickets for the election to-morrow. Word reached here this evening from a great many precincts in the county to the effect that no anti-amendment tickets were received, all being for the measure. It is impossible to reach all the polling districts by messenger in time, and there is talk of contesting the legality of the elec-

THE WHITE SLAVES. More Evidence Concerning the Villainy of Liverpool Jack and His Associates -A Letter From One of the

Victims-Two Suicides. PERSONAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH I NEW YORK, June 17 .- According to a letter written by Adolph Metzgar to his friend Adolph Tierch, of 144 Lewis street, the unfortunate emigrants who were sent to Progeso by "Liverpool Jack" and other labor agents, are treated worse than serfs by their Mexican masters. Mr. Tierch called at Castle Garden to-day and handed the letter to Secretary Jackson. It was sent to the District Attorney's office. It was dated May 15, and runs thus:

was dated May 15, and runs thus:

DEAR FRIEND—We were Il days on the
water. After the fifth day the heat became
unbearable. We went by the way of Newport
News. After leaving sight of the Florida
coast I felt unwell and got the fever and ague,
We did not go by the City of Mexico, as per
agreement, but with the Tropic, a freight
teamer. My experience defies description. I
was four days sick at sea and six days ashore in
a misarable hospital without windows. We s.ept on the sand out of doors, and the mosquitoes troubled me so much that I am again in the hospital. We have to work harder than slaves. We are all cheated by the company and are in a frightful condition. Two of our party, disheartened at the condition or affairs, have drowned themselves. Three that ran away were caught and arrested. We intend to go to California if we can get away. We don't get any news from anywhere. We are like prisoners. What will become of me, God knows. I have kept a diary, which I shall send to you when I think my end is near. If you hear nothing from me in four weeks, write to my friend in Vienna. Any letters you have for me send to the commercial agency in Progreso. Write to me as if you were my brother and state in the letter that my father is dead, and that I should start at once for Vienna. This is the only way I can think of to get away from here.

ADOLPH METZGAR.

The letter will be used, with other evi-

The letter will be used, with other evidence, to secure the indictment of the labor agency that filled Metzgar with false promses, and sent him away to slavery.

A PHENOMENAL FAT MAN.

Death of John L. Lawes, Who Weighed Six Hundred and Forty Pounds.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] ELMIRA, June 17 .- John L. Lawes, the phenomenal fat man, died at his home in this city at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Lawes had been enjoying usually good health, and was to have been put on exhibition at the county fair. Mr. Lawes'was undoubtedly the heaviest man in America, weighing at his death 640 pounds. He was born in England and was about 40 years of

age. He was a blacksmith and worked at his trade up to three years ago. Previous to that time he had weighed but a little over 200 pounds. He then began to gain rapidly in statute, forcing him to retire from the pursuit of his trade. He gained in weight at the rate of from 5 to 10 pounds per week.

AFTER THE PINKERTONS.

Woman Who Has a Crow to Pick With the Detectives.

CHICAGO, June 17 .- A jury was secured to-day in the case of Ida Weish, against Thomas B. Burch, William A. Pinkerton, Robert A. Pinkerton and David Robertso for \$50,000 damages, Mr. Burch is the Chicago agent of the Phosniz Insurance Company, of Brooklyn, and the other defendants are of Brooklyn, and the other detendants are members of the Pinkerton Detective Agen-cy. The complainant alleges that she was pursued and traduced by the detectives till even her friends would have no more to do

Her husband Ira Welsh, was at one time employed by Mr. Burch. It is said that testimony of the most sensational and seandalous character, involving prominent business men, will be given during the

Is What Leading Citizens of Johnstown Say of the Plan of

PITTSBURG'S RELIEF COMMITTEE.

They Meet and Adept Rules to be Observed

by Applicants for

THE HOUSES TO BE GIVEN AWAY. Just the Sort of Aid Which the Sufferers Stand in Great Need of Now.

> The proposal of the Citizen's Relief Committee of Pittsburg to furnish ready-made houses to the Johnstown sufferers meets with a hearty acceptance from the citizens of that unfortunate town. They met yesterday and adopted rules to be observed by applicants for the buildings to be erected.

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT,] JOHNSTOWN, June 17 .- The committee composed of Johnstown citizens, who have but the talk at times became quite anibeen intrusted with the task of making arrangements for the distribution of relief funds among the suffering citizens of this place held a meeting this afternoon in Alma if the heavy blasts were continued, some-Hall. The conference was strictly private, a deputy sheriff of the tin tag brigade being stationed in front of the door, who refused admittance to everybody.

The purpose of the meeting was the con-

sideration of a proposition sent to the citi-zens from the Pittsburg Relief Committee, stating that they were anxious to disperse some of the relief fund for the immediate ssistance of the people here, inasmuch as they consider the housing of the sufferers to be of the utmost importance. The Pittsburg committee proposed to build as many houses as can be immediately put upon the ground, and send them ready-made to Johnstown.

New Relief Measures. Mr. A. J. Moxham, who kindly furnished your correspondent with the information after the meeting, said: "The Pittsburg committee has realized that our people ought to receive aid immediately, and they do not believe in having all the money they have lying idle all the time, and for that purpose they are going to build houses and send them on here. We discussed this proposition in every detail this afternoon, and we all feel much gratified at the kind consideration the Pittsburg people exhibit toward us. In order to show them that we are only too glad to take advantage of their offer, we at once decided upon a measure to make the best use of their kind proposal."

The following named gentlemen were present at the meeting: Messrs. A. J. Moxham, Cyrus Elder, J. McMillen, J. D. Roberts, W. C. Lewis, Dr. B. F. Yagley and G. T. Swank. After considerable deliberation it was decided to have a large number of circulars printed and distribute them among all the survivors in Johnstown.

A Formal Application nade by citizens of the Finance Committee of the Johnstown sufferers, and the following particulars have to be filled in by the applicant:

1. Name, 2. Occupation, 3. Name of party he applicant worked for previous to the flood. the applicant worked for previous to the flood.

4. What department he worked in. 5. How many persons the applicant has dependent upon him, their names, age and occupation previous to the flood. 6. The applicant must designate how many he intends to house and take care of. 7. The applicant must specify where he is to locate the house, if he should get one.

8. The applicant must agree not to sell intoxicating liquors on the premises. 9. The appli-cant agrees to forfeit and surrender the house to the Johnstown Finance Committee if any particulars of his statements made in the ap-plication prove to be false; even the contents of the house he will have to give up again.

Mr. Moxham continued: "The way we hope to reach the most worthy class of people and those most deserving immediate help we have already agreed upon. The The circulars are being printed to-night, and to-morrow they will be distributed, and the committee hopes to have them all in again by Thursday. Then the applications will be submitted to a committee of investigation, who will at first examine their contents, and if all is found correct and satisfactory, the State Board of Health will be asked to examine the location as to the san-itary condition, and only then will the permission be given. A certificate of approval of the Committee on Investigation will be issued to each man entitled to a house."

The Plan Strongly Commended. Mr. Cyrus Elder, while speaking of the decision of the Finance Committee, said: "I believe that our efforts will be aproved of by the Pittsburg Relief Committee, because we are doing everything we can to do the most good in the best place. Our chief object is to get as many people housed as we can, and for that reason we will give men who have large families the preference. I am not able to say as yet how many people we will supply, but we will

ence next Monday. As far as I could learn the houses will be long to the people who get them. They will contain three rooms, two of which will be furnished throughout in a manner sati factory to anybody who does not want to live fashionably. The Finance Committee will be the acting agent of the Pittsburg Relief Committee.

A VERY LIVELY SKIRMISH. talian Laborers Worsted in a Fight With Clubs and Stones.

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] JOHNSTOWN, June 17 .- To-night a riot occurred between the Italians and Irish workingmen employed by Coburn & Co. the contractors. When the men were pre paring to retire the latter took possession of the best tents in the camp, some of which were claimed by the Italians as theirs. Upon demand the sons of the Emerald Isle refused to vacate the tents, and several Italian leaders called their countrymen together and advised them to make an en upon the occupants of the tents. The Irishmen had been warned in the meantime, and were prepared for the attack. The Italians picked up bricks, stones, clubs, etc., and threw them at the teuts of their enemies. After the first shower of stones the Irishmen and their friends appeared and sailed into the fray. They seized everything they could lay their hands upon and hurled it at the Italians. Several of the latter were said to have been hurt, but they could not after ward be found. A messenger was sent on horseback to headquarters to report the rio to General Wiley. The latter secured s

EMBALMED IN PLASTER.

squad of military men and hurried to the scene of the battle. Upon their arrival the rioters had disappeared. McSwigan.

The Unique Process of Preserving One o Johnstown's Corpses. IPRON A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Johnstown, June 17 .- Major Little man, brigade surgeon of the military camp yesterday telegraphed to Pittsburg for a supply of plaster of Paris to make a cast for the body of Charles B. Dewald, a traveling salesman of Philadelphia, who was a guest at the Merchants' Hotel when the flood at the time. The body was recovered about a week ago and was embalmed. Since then it has been at the Pennsylvania depot here, and this morning was shipped to Pitts-Enbainers J. T. Nulty, of Philadelphia, him no money.

formerly of the West End, Pittsburg, accompanied the remains, and will make the east of the body. A solid covering of

NO MORE BIG BLASTS.

Remainder of Johnstown Down With

Dynamite-Only 20-Pound Charges

Hereafter-Sad Picture-Takers.

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

blasting will be discontinued altogether.

A conference was held this afternoon

was already in a very damaged condition, would not stand the heavy firing, and would

belief that they would be safe.

THREATS TO LYNCH SOLDIERS.

Locked Up in Prison Cells.

The citizens of the place are burning with

The Number of People Fed.

Johnstown, June 17 .- The report of

Commissary General Spangler to General

Hastings to-day shows that 20,515 people were fed by the Commissary Department to-

A PROBLEM FOR MR. MILLER,

Does the Contract Law Apply to Imported

College Professors?

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, I

night at least in his spare moments. Attor-

tary Hepburn, or the Treasury Department,

decided that it was, and that the university

would have to look to the United States for

no purpose, and he will probably conclude

that Attorney Generals should not be asked

to decide a point at law on the basis of a

hypothetical case, and that he can render

no decision until the "professors" are arrived on the ground, and a case made up

similar to that of the English clergyman in

THEY WANTED TO MOB RIM.

of the People.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, June 17 .- There was another

accident at the new power house of the West

Division Street Railway Company. Last

week a portion of the scaffolding fell, kill-

ing one man and injuring six others. Late

this afternoon the rest of the scaffolding sud-

denly collapsed instantly killing 16-year-old

Peter Dorndash and badly injuring Joseph

ANOTHER STANDARD SCHEME.

A New Pipe Line Will Convey Fuel Oil to

the City of Detroit.

ISPECIAL TRANSPART TO THE DISPATCH.

LIMA, June 17 .- The Standard Oil Com

Cygnet with the connecting line that is now

in operation between this city and Cygnet, and will be run on the same basis as the big

Chicago line.

The right of way for the new line has already been secured, and work will be com-

ready been secured, and work will be com-menced on July 1.

ARMOUR AT BEAVER PALLS.

A Storage House for Dressed Beef to Be

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

BEAVER FALLS, June 17 .- Armour &

Co., of Chicago, this morning broke ground

at this place for an immense refrigerator

building for fresh meat. The building will

be of brick and stone, and will cost in the

neighborhood of \$10,000. It will be used for storing meat, which will be brought here

markets in Western Pennsylvania, will be first unloaded and stored here.

BLACK ELK'S ACCIDENT.

He is Obliged to Leave Buffalo Bill and Re-

ture to Dakets.

PEFECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

NEW YORK, June 17 .- Mr. Black Elk.

in refrigerator cars.

The meat, which will be furnished to

Located There.

were finally driven back by the police.

Fatal Scaffold in Chicago Arouses the Ive

the operations of the law.

New York.

ors"were distinctively excepted from

WASHINGTON, June 17 .- For a full fort-

sulting women. They are locked up.

disappointment.

are made to-night.

day.

plaster will be put around the corpse, and the latter then placed in a metallic casket. This is the first time this method of preserv-One of Cronin's Murderers Arrested Just Over the Border. ing bodies has been tried in this country, so says Undertaker Nulty. McSwiGAN.

HE WAS FLEEING FOR EUROPE. Major Phillips Agrees Not to Shake the Some Very Strong Evidence Against the Latest Suspect.

INVESTIGATION OF THE GRAND JURY. JOHNSTOWN, June 17 .- The trouble be-

tween General Manager John Fulton, of Maroney and MacDonald Secure Their Release From the Cambria Iron Company, and Major the Prison Cells.

Phillips, who has earned the dignified title of "dynamiter," on account of the unusually heavy blasts of dynamite he set off on "the Another arrest has been made in the Cronin case. A man named Burke has been culminated this afternoon in an captured in Manitoba, on his way to Europe. agreement that the charges of the explosive hereafter should not exceed 20 pounds. If The evidence showing his connection with it is found that this amount shakes the the crime seems to be very strong. The buildings of the Cambria Iron Company grand jury will probably indict him as soon and places their property in danger, the as possible. Maroney and MacDonald, the New York prisoners, could not be identified and were ordered to be released. between Major Phillips and Manager Fulton. The interview was a very breezy one,

CHICAGO, June 17 .- One more man has mated, The latter gentleman, who had een arrested for complicity in the Cronin been to see General Hastings in the fore-noon, and had the firing stopped, said that tragedy, and this time the evidence indicates that the right man has been found. Martin Burke, alias Delaney, was taken body in authority would get into trouble. into custody at Winnipeg, Man., yesterday. The citizens of the town, whose property He is about 25 years old and slight in form, being about 5 feet 10 inches tall. He has a brown mustache of about two weeks' growth. take stringent measures to prevent it in the Burke is alleged to be the man who hired Martinsen, the expressman, to carry furni-ture from Clark street to the Carlson cot-Major Phillips expressed sorrow for the citizens of the town, for their property, and said that the orders of General Hastings would be obeyed. He stated that he would tage. The police were on his track several days after finding the body of Dr. Cronin. They had little against him, except that his try a charge of 20 pounds of the high ex-plosive, and if this widened the cracks of the Cambria Iron Company's buildings, he would cease blasting altogether, and resort to the slower method of moving out the

mass of debris.
Since 10 o'clock this morning there has After Martinsen, the expressman, turned up he was shown the picture of Burke. "That is the very man who hired me to take the furniture to the Carlson cottage. You needn't look any further. I am positive he not even been the sound of a firecracker heard from the river, and the citizens of the town have come up out of their cellars in the The amateur photographers, who have been standing around on the hillsides, wait-ing to "snap" another view of the railroad

For prudential reasons the police did not arrest Burke immediately, but shadowed He went to certain parties, the name

ties and large oak trees wildly careening over each other, fully 300 feet in the air, of whom the police refuse to divulge, and obtained money. After Burke obtained the money he bought a ticket for Liverpool via the Allen Line. He then boarded a train looked worse than flood sufferers in their disappointment. McSwigan. Montreal. Phree of the Fourteenth Regiment Boys Jot STOWN, June 17 .- Three members of the ourteenth Regiment were arrested at Cambria City to-night, charged with in-

the murder. He is a hot-headed Irishman. That he knew Melville and was a friend of indignation, and many threats of lynching P. O. Sullivan has been established almost beyond a doubt. Burke is from Hancock, Coughlin.

tacked Cronin vigorously and characterized him as a malcontent whose influence could but be injurious to the harmony and suc-

John F. Beggs himself was next called to the stand and required to explain many of the inner workings of the Clan-na-Gael or United Brotherhood. Mr. Beggs' testimony, however, did not differ materially from his statements before the Coroner's jury. He disavowed all enmity to Cronin, and insisted that, while he had regarded th doctor as visionary and, indeed, somewhat fanatical at times, he had never doubted his sterling honesty, and they were really on terms of personal friendship. Mr. Beggs was cross-questioned very closely and at-great length, but, so far as known, passed

Lester & Co., brokers, were again called up on to testify as to certain particulars in regard to Alexander Sullivan's speculations and Desk Sergeant! Mongomery, of the Chi-

cago avenue station, once more recounted

Marsel, Tony Jones and two Poles whose names are not known. A mob of 3,000 peo-ple wanted to kill the Superintendent but

He inquired the way to P. O'Sullivan's house, and told Mr. Beckwith he was a relhandling fuel oil. The line will connect at

> Mr. Beckwith became quite friendly with the fellow, and invited him to his lodge. They went, and Mulcahy borrowed \$10 on the strength of his Odd Fellowship. The

cahy, whom he had not seen for some weeks, and testified to this identification before the grand jury. Mulcahy is under surveillance and may be arrested at any time. Immedi-ately after the discovery of Cronin's body, the O'Sullivan ice house and Carlson cottage were photographed. Standing near the ice house was Martin Burke, who was inadvertently photographed at the same time.

This same Burke, whose alias is said to be Delaney, is now under arrest at Winnipeg, Manitoba, on the charge of being one of the Williams brothers who rented the Carlson cottage, and the man who hired the express-man to move the furniture from the Clark-

Bill's Wild West show, in Paris, by being trampled by his mustang, returned to his native soil to-day on the steamship Nor-mandie. He is going to Pine Ridge. He has a letter from Nate Salisbury to the Bal-timore and Ohio Railroad Company, request-

it was suggested that Burke be indicted at once in order that steps might be promptly taken for his extradition. A messenger was sent for Judge Shephard, and those on the outside were on the qui vive for develop-

The jury debated the matter at length, but there were several who objected to an indictment where there was still a doubt as to the identification. It was finally resolved to defer action until Martinsen, the expressman who was sent to New York to identify Moroney and McDonald, should return and be given an opportunity to see the photo-

AT LIBERTY AGAIN.

roney and MacDonald, the New York Prisoners-Judge Andrews Orders That Both

Alexander Suliivan gained a signal victory to-day. Judge Andrews, of the Supreme Court, has decided that Maroney and Mac-Donald must be released from prison on the writs of habeas corpus; and the three men who came from Chicago to identify them as being connected with the murder of Dr. think he is moving too slow in getting sp-Cronin, signally failed to do so. Acting Warden Finley placed 20 prisoners in a line. Among them were "Liverpool Jack" and old man Howard, of electric sugar fame. McDonald was the fifth man from the south end of the line and Maroney the fourth man from the north end. All wore their hats. The Chicago men were admitted one at a

time and passed along the cast side of the second tier directly opposite the 20 men. The intervening space was about eight feet and the light was sufficient to permit a good look at the countenances of the men. Hat-field was the first taken in to look at the men. He scanned each face closely as he passed back and forth before the men, but passed back and form before the men, but did not seem to recognize anyone particu-larly. He was taken out, and Martinsen, the expressman, brought in. He is a dull looking Swede, and the faces looked all one

looking Swede, and the faces looked all one to him apparently, as he made no sign that he had seen any of them before.

There was a little excitement when Throckmorton, the real estate agent, appeared to see if he could identify the man to whom he rented the house on Clark street opposite Dr. Cronin's residence. He is a tall, thin young man, with a small black mustache. He took twice as much time as the others to satisfy himself that the man he was after was not there. After man he was after was not there. After pacing back and forth half a dozen times he attempted to ask a question of Keeper McCaffrey, who was at the north end of the tier, but was sternly rebuked by Acting Deputy Warden McDermott. In spite of this rebuff, Mr. Throckmorton continued to scan carefully the countenances of men in

He gave a short, quick glance at Maroney, but he stared for half a minute steadily at McDonald and "Liverpool Jack," who stood beside him. Finally he left without giving any sign that he had recognized any-body. Both men bore bravely the ordeal body. Both men bore bravely the ordeal to which they were subjected, Maroney being especially calm and collected. McDonald was a little nervous, and showed it by the twitching of his hands which grasped the iron railing. It was evident that the attempt at identification was a failure. soon afterward the prisoners were released by order of the court.

A TEST CASE ON GAMBLING.

All of the Sports Are Watching a Sult on Sr. Louis, June 17 .- In the Court of Criminal Correction to-day, Singleton Cave was arraigned under the felony clauses of

the Johnson gambling law. Cave's attorney filed a demurrer, and the case went over until Friday. There is much interest in the case, as it is to be made a test of the Missouri Gambling law. The authorities have very direct evidence. Gamblers all over the country are watch-

ing the Cave case with deep interest, and believe that his acquittal will throw gambling wide open in St. Louis. Local gamblers have subscribed a fund for the de-fense of Cave, to which it is said the outside sports have contributed.

NOT MUCH OF A CYCLONE.

The Reports of Damage in Kansas Were Very Much Exaggerated. SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. FORT SCOTT, KAN., June 17 .- The sen-

sational reports sent out regarding loss of life at Uniontown are greatly exaggerated. There were heavy rains Friday and Saturday, and portions of the town were flooded. but as far as can be ascertained there was no loss of life, and very little damage. The damage in this city is much greater than

that at Uniontown.

Buck Run overflowed last night, carrying away several houses and the bridge across Sixth street. The water ran over street, and people were taken across by boats and all kinds of vehicles.

AFTER ELECTION SCOUNDRELS.

The Government Pressing a Case Agains One at St. Louis. Sr. Louis, June 17 .- Julius Mann, a nember of the St. Louis Board of Delegates, was to-day arraigned in the United States District Court before Judge Thayer on the charge of having falsely sworn at the late election that one Charles Blintker had come to this country three years before he had reached the age of 21 years, thus

securing the naturalization of Blintker.

Mayor Noonan was among the witnes examined to-day. After taking the testi-mony of five witnesses the Government rested its case and the defense will open tomorrow.

CANADA IS ALL RIGHT.

unter Hear Says the Forts on Vancouve Island Will Hurt Nobody. WORCESTER, MASS., June 17 .- Senst

Hoar reached here yesterday after his Western trip with the Senate Committee on Trade Relations with Canada, He says that the impressions that the fortifications at Esquimalt, Vancouver, were a menace to the United States were unfounded, as the island has not the natural advantages necessary to make it a formidable fortification He was satisfied that the ties of affection between Canada and the United States are a

A FATAL EXPLOSION.

Three Polish Miners Meet Their Fate in Colliers Near Wilkesbare.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 WILKESBARE, June 17 .- Michael Andrew, Simon Novolk and John Kutschi, all Polanders, were fatally injured by an ex-plosion of gas at the Nottingham Colliery, at Plymouth to-day. Novolk died this evening. The men were so badly burned that the flesh peeled off in

NEGLIGENCE TO BLAME.

The Loose Cars at the Armagh Disast recent railway disaster near Armagh began to-day. Several witnesses testified that they had warned the officials of the train that it would be a risky proceeding to detach the rear cars on the incline.

The detached cars had attained a speed of

HREE CENTS AN As - QUAY FIGHT

WHARTON BARKER TAKES A HAND

and a Number of Disappointed Office-Seekers Are Likely to Enlist.

IN THE RANKS OF THE OPPOSITION.

The Senator Accused of Playing 'Possum and Fallure to Keep Promises.

Philadelphia politicians seem determined to keep up the fight against Quay. It is now reported that W harton Barker will join the Magee-McManes faction and work with them for the control of the State. A disappointed lot of men looked in vain for a visit from the Senator the other day. They pointments,

PHILADELPHIA, June 17 .- "Wharton Barker will join the Magee-McManes-Mo-Devitt combination," said one of the Mo-Manes leaders. "Barker dislikes Quay and is friendly to McManes, because Quay did all in his power to prevent Barker becoming a member of President Harrison's Cabinet, while McManes did what he could to advance his chances, and you will find that they will be working together in the coming battle for the control of the Republican

party organization of Pennsylvania.

"McManes, while he is very quiet, seldom making much fuss, will be on hand with his making much fuss, will be on hand with his delegates when they are needed. Mages can't be beaten in Allegheny, and Mo-Devitt and Cochran will be able to deliver Lancaster when the fight comes on. Sam Losch, of Schuylkill, has been shut out and was knocked out of the chief clerkship of the House at Harrisburg by Quay's orders, and you can place Schuylkill in the anti-Quay column." Quay column.'

The Senator Playing Possum. The speaker also called attention to the fact of Quay's failure to come to Philadelphia when he had engaged to meet a number of the party leaders at the Continental Hotel on Friday last. "Senator Quay has been playing possum with the boys," said he. "He was to have come here, and sent on word to that effect, you know. Chairman Andrews came here on purpose to see him, to arrange for a meeting of the State Committee. Quay wired Andrews to come to Washington, and while the boys were lolling around the corridors of the Continental Hotel waiting for Senator Quay to turn up, Chairman Andrews left here for Washington without letting any of us know that Quay wasn's

To say that the Philadelphia minor ro say that the Philadelphia minor politicians are feeling disappointed is putting things mildly—they are just broken up. Last week they felt absolutely certain that two or more of the Federal appointments would be made before Saturday. They waited patiently for Saturday. Saturday came and went, and no appointments were made. Toward evening the boys thought they would have the sat-isfaction of seeing Senator Quay and learn what was in the wind, but

They Looked and Walted in Vain. Quay came not. The anxious ones were dumfounded. What did it mean? They knew that Quay and Wanamaker had two conferences with the President on Friday, and they thought that the trio ought to settle the dates of the appointments of Tom Cooper and Field, if not of all the others. But if rumor can be trusted nothing was settled at Friday's conferences. An intimate friend of Postmaster General Wana-

maker said: "Nothing was settled on. Mr. Wansmaker told me that things are just the same now as they have been all along. The three men talked the matter over on Friday, and both Quay and Wanamaker urged the President to make the appointments at an early date. But General Harrison had his own opinion about the way things ought to be done, and he declined to act on the suggestion offered. The only thing that is ab-solutely settled is that Cooper and Field will be appointed. Of that the boys can be sure. But when the appointments will be made no one knows. Both Quay and Wanamaker are in absolute ignorance on that subject.

The Mystery Explained. "What Harrison's reasons are for not making the appointments at once I don't know. He may have told them to Quay and Wanamaker, but the latter did not say anything to me about them. I am hoping for the appointments very soon, but I won't venture to predict when they will be made." The interview with Mr. Wanamaker's friend explains why Senator Quay did not find it convenient to reach this city on Sat-urday. He knew what a crowd would be waiting for him when he came, and he knew what they expected of him. He could learn nothing from the President, he had no good news to tell the watchers, and there-fore he prudently kept out of the way. It saved him a good lot of bother, and it hurt

What the boys will do now until they hear from headquarters is not known. They counted sure on the filling of the places of the collector and postmaster, and they are in a bad humor over the turn things have taken. Collector Martin will have to act as Quay's deputy and pour oil on the troubled waters. He may come to the rescueof a few of the disappointed ones, for he expects to make some appointments this week himself.

QUAY GOES HOME TO VOTE. In Order to be in Time, He Starts Early

in the Morning. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 WASHINGTON, June 17 .- Senator Quay concluded this morning that it would involve too much risk to wait until this evening to begin his journey home, as he had intended. He feared the heavy rains which had been encircling Washington and tearing along the mountain sides might obstruct his way, so that he would be unable to reach home in time to vote for prohibi-tion, were he to depend on the last available

So he and Private Secretary Leach quietly boarded the morning train and dis-appeared, without making the important visits to the departments which had been contemplated for to-day.

AN UNDERTAKER'S SENTENCE. Sent to the Workhouse for Robbing the

Bend Rody of a Boy. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. AKRON, June 17 .- John L. Hay, a wellknown undertaker, was sentenced to three days in the Cleveland workhouse to-day by Probate Judge Grant. Hay had charge of the body of a widow's son, who died a few months ago, and was convicted of stealing several dollars from the dead boy's pocket. The Loose Cars at the Armagh Disaster
That Ran at 60 Miles an Hour.

LONDON, June 17.—The inquiry into the

Several dollars from the dead oby a pocket.

Judge Grant scathingly characterized his conduct, regretting that the law didn't make his offense graver than petit larceny.

He called Hay's attention to the summary punishment meted out at Johnstown to rob-bers of the dead.

> An Appeal From the Young Ladies. WASHINGTON, Pa., June 17.—Nearly 200 young ladies of Washington to-day signed an appeal to their friends in behalf of the Constitutional amendment.

Being Vigo Waged by Prominent Philas a Politicians

The Chicago Parties Fail to Identify Ma-

be Released. NEW YORK, June 17 .- The adherents of

movements were suspicious. He began to jump around from one boarding place to another with remarkable frequency. Detective Palmer secured a photograph of the fel-

Anxious to Get Away.

for Winnipeg, intending to go thence to It was soon found that he had taken the train North, and the telegraph wires were set at work. The result was that Chief Mo-Kay took Burke in as soon as he stepped from the train. Burke is a Clan-na-Gael man. He came here several weeks before

Mich., the home of ex-Detective Dan One of the persons summoned to appear before the grand jury to-day was Lawver John F. Beggs, the Senior Guardian of the Columbia Club or Camp No. 20, Clan-na-Gael, which camp is alleged to have tried Dr. Cronin and sentenced him to death on the charge of treason. Andrew J. Duggan was called upon and testified at length to his knowledge of Beggs' comity to Cronin. He cited as an evidence an incendiary speech made by Beggs at a Clan-na-Gael meeting in the Northside Turner Hall, in the course of which the young lawyer at-

ney General Miller has been wrestling with the question whether the law relating to the cess of the Irish cause. importation of foreign labor is applicable to A Different Story Told. to the foreign professors engaged for the new Catholic university. Assistant Secreits corps of instructors, simply because A hypothetical case was at once made up and presented to the Attorney General. He has spent much time discussing it in his own mind and with his legal friends, but to

> through the ordeal very successfully. Captain T. P. O'Connor, an active member of the Clan-na-Gael, and one of Cronin's most intimate friends, testified that he had at one time been approached by an agent of the triangle and notified to prepare himself for a "secret mission" to Great Britain in behalf of the "Physical Force" Societies. O'Connor communicated this in-formation to Cronin and was warned by the latter not to obey the mandate, the intimation being given that it was a snare to get him out of the way and betray him into the hands of the British Government.
>
> The Moore brothers of the firm of J. T.

the numerous occasions when Coughlin and O'Sullivan found it necessary to communicate with each other by telephone, about the the time of the murder.

At Least One Point Settled. Michael McNulty, a Clan-na-Gael man, corroborated the many witnesses who had gone before in regard to Cronin frequently "expressing fears" for himself. Georg Beckwith, of Lakeview, testified that about pany still continues to reach out, and is pany still continues to reach out, and is and corresponded exactly to the description now making preparations to build an eight- of the man who, hired the Carlson cottage inch pipe line from Cygnet to Detroit for

> P. O'Sullivan's ice wagons. To-day Mulcity, was taken into custody and conducted to the Chicago avenue station. Beckwith at once recognized him as Mul-

A Photograph of Burke.

wife and son were not so sure. The main object of the photograph being to give a view of the icehouse and cottage, the photograph of the man was necessarily imperfect and somewhat clouded. For a while great excitement prevailed in the jury room, and

the time of the murder a man giving his name as Mulcahy walked into his store at Lakeview and engaged in casual conversa-tion. This man was about 35 years of age.

ative of O'Sullivan.

In the course of conversation Mulcahy said he was an Odd Fellow, from Fonda, Ia.

who rented the cottage.
Old man Carlson thought he did, but his

street flat to the cottage. This afternoon Mr. and Mrs. John Carlson and their son Charles were brought before the grand jury, shown the landscape photograph, and asked if they recognized Burke as one of the men Dakota chief who was badly hurt at Buffalo